UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS FAYETTEVILLE DIVISION

JUL 2 2015 CHRIS R. JOHNSON, CLERK

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Sarah Charette,

Plaintiff,

: Civil Action No.: <u>15-517</u>6 TLB

v.

COMPLAINT AND DEMAND FOR

BY

Progressive Finance Holdings, LLC, **JURY TRIAL**

Defendant.

COMPLAINT

For this Complaint, Plaintiff, Sarah Charette, by undersigned counsel, states as follows:

JURISDICTION

- 1. This action arises out of Defendant's repeated violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. § 227, et seq. (the "TCPA").
- 2. Venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b), in that Defendant transacts business in this District and a substantial portion of the acts giving rise to this action occurred in this District.

PARTIES

- 3. Plaintiff, Sarah Charette ("Plaintiff"), is an adult individual residing in Cave Springs, Arkansas, and is a "person" as defined by 47 U.S.C. § 153(39).
- Defendant Progressive Finance Holdings, LLC ("Progressive"), is a Utah business 4. entity with an address of 11629 South 700 East, Draper, Utah 84020 and is a "person" as defined by 47 U.S.C. § 153(39).

FACTS

- 5. In or around December 2014, Progressive began calling Plaintiff on her cellular phone, number 479-xxx-2941, in an attempt to reach an individual named "Randolph."
- 6. At all times mentioned herein, Progressive placed calls to Plaintiff's cellular phone using an automatic telephone dialing system ("ATDS" or "predictive dialer").
- 7. Plaintiff does not know "Randolph" and never provided her consent to Progressive to call her cellular phone.
- 8. When Plaintiff answered calls from Progressive, she heard silence and had to wait on the line to be connected to a live representative.
- 9. In or around January 2015, Plaintiff spoke with a live representative and explained that Progressive was calling the wrong number. Plaintiff therefore requested that the calls to her cellular phone cease.
- 10. In response, the representative told Plaintiff that her number would be removed from Progressive's system.
- 11. Nevertheless, Progressive continued to place automated calls to Plaintiff's cellular phone.

<u>COUNT I</u> <u>VIOLATIONS OF THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT –</u> <u>47 U.S.C. § 227, et seq.</u>

- 12. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the above paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully stated herein.
- 13. At all times mentioned herein, Defendant called Plaintiff on her cellular phone using an ATDS.
- 14. In expanding on the prohibitions of the TCPA, the Federal Communications

 Commission ("FCC") defines a predictive dialer as "a dialing system that automatically dials

consumers' telephone numbers in a manner that "predicts" the time when a consumer will answer the phone and a [representative] will be available to take the call..."2003 TCPA Order, 18 FCC 36 Rcd 14022. The FCC explains that if a representative is not "free to take a call that has been placed by a predictive dialer, the consumer answers the phone only to hear 'dead air' or a dial tone, causing frustration." *Id.* In addition, the TCPA places prohibitions on companies that "abandon" calls by setting "the predictive dialers to ring for a very short period of time before disconnecting the call; in such cases, the predictive dialer does not record the call as having been abandoned." *Id.*

- 15. Defendant's telephone system(s) have some earmarks of a predictive dialer.
- 16. When Plaintiff answered calls from Progressive, she heard silence before Defendant's telephone system would connect her to the next available representative.
- 17. Upon information and belief, Defendant's predictive dialers have the capacity to store or produce telephone numbers to be called, using a random or sequential number generator.
- 18. Defendant placed automated calls to Plaintiff's cellular phone knowing that it lacked consent to call her number. As such, each call placed to Plaintiff was made in knowing and/or willful violation of the TCPA, and subject to treble damages pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(C).
- 19. The calls from Defendant to Plaintiff were not placed for "emergency purposes" as defined by 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(A)(i).
- 20. Plaintiff is entitled to an award of \$500.00 in statutory damages for each call made in negligent violation of the TCPA pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B).

21. As a result of each call made in knowing and/or willful violation of the TCPA, Plaintiff is entitled to an award of treble damages in an amount up to \$1,500.00 pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B) and 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(C).

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays that judgment be entered against Defendant:

- 1. Statutory damages pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B) & (C);
- 2. Punitive damages; and
- 3. Such other and further relief as may be just and proper.

TRIAL BY JURY DEMANDED ON ALL COUNTS

Dated: July 21, 2015

Respectfully submitted,

Sergei Lemberg, Esq.

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